



### Topics discussed in this paper include

CGT Small Business Concessions

Restructure

Succession Planning

An independent business valuation compiled by an expert helped one accountant crystallise a capital gain while their client was still within realm of the ATO small business CGT concessions. The subsequent sale of the business resulted in non-concessional CGT only being paid on a smaller portion of overall the gain.

# Background

Mr & Mrs Brown owned a successful import and wholesale business of floor and wall tiles, operated through a partnership structure. Having started their business from scratch ten years earlier, the couple were developing plans for transition to retirement. Over the next two years a restructure of the business would see them work alongside their son James who would be promoted into the role of General Manager. The restructure necessitated the creation of a unit trust allowing the business to be transferred to James. 20% of the units would immediately devolve to James as an added incentive.

The Brown's Accountant reviewed their financial position and determined the net value of the Brown's CGT assets to be \$6.5mil (being \$1.5mil for the estimated business value and \$5mil in other assets). This assessment meant the Brown's proposed transaction would incur significant CGT because they would not satisfy the Maximum Net Asset Value test of \$6mil under the ATO's small business CGT concessions. If they failed this test they would be ineligible for the 50% active asset discount.

## **Situation Analysis**

The potential impact of such a CGT assessment saw the accountant call for a fuller valuation of the business, one taking into account all aspects of its operation. At first instance, The Brown's business was very successful, with Net Profit before tax averaging around \$500k. However, the valuation report noted that the Brown's tiling business had only one supplier - an Italian tile manufacturer with whom there was no formal contract. This supply arrangement represented a potentially significant risk to the ongoing success of the business. Taking this into account, the Brown's business was valued at the lower amount of \$500k.

#### Outcome

The independent business valuation of \$500k, when combined with the other assets worth \$5mil, delivered a total Net Asset Value of \$5.5mil. This satisfied the Small Business CGT Concessions and allowed the Brown's to avoid \$60,000 in capital gains tax upon the restructure and issue of units to their son.

The business valuation also highlighted an area of risk in the current business arrangements: supply. New import agreements contracted with other manufacturers would see that risk reduced. Two years after the restructure a competitor offered \$1mil for 100% the business. In calculating CGT on the sale the Brown's Accountant was able to use a cost base of \$500k from the earlier valuation resulting in CGT of \$121k (see table). Had the previous restructure not been completed, the Brown's would have incurred CGT of double that amount, approximately \$242k.

	With Restructure	Without Restructure
Sale Proceeds	1,000,000	1,000,000
Cost Base	(500,000)	-
Capital Gain	500,000	1,000,000
50% discount (held over 12 months)	(250,000)	(500,000)
Capital Gain after discount	250,000	500,000
CGT at 48.5% tax rate	121,250	242,500
CGT on earlier restructure at 48.5% tax rate	60,625	-
Total CGT (including restructure)	181,875	242,500

#### An independent business valuation compiled by a professional can help. Contact BIZVAL to learn more and order your expert business valuation today.



web bizval.com.au email info@bizval.com.au **phone** 1300 916 973

ABN

address PO Box 177 Surry Hills NSW 2010 40 648 010 422

Copyright © Bizval Pty Ltd - 2022